

ABSTRAK

Wardani, Deshinta Putri. 2017. *Hubungan Sikap Ibu Hamil tentang Kualitas Pelayanan Antenatal dengan Keteraturan Kunjungan Antenatal di Puskesmas Dinoyo Kota Malang*. Skripsi. Politeknik Kesehatan Kemenkes Malang. Jurusan Kebidanan. Program Studi Diploma IV Kebidanan Malang. Pembimbing Utama : Herawati Mansur, SST., M.Pd., M.Psi. Pembimbing Pendamping : Jupriyono, S.Kp., M.Kes

Pemanfaatan pelayanan *antenatal* oleh seorang ibu hamil dapat dilihat dari cakupan pelayanan *antenatal*. Berdasarkan data Profil Kesehatan Indonesia tahun 2015, cakupan K1 sebesar 95,75% dan cakupan K4 sebesar 87,48% dengan target cakupan pelayanan antenatal sebesar 95%. Data Dinas Kesehatan Kota Malang tahun 2015, cakupan kunjungan ibu hamil K4 mengalami penurunan yaitu 11.846 (87,67%). Tujuan penelitian untuk mengetahui hubungan sikap ibu tentang kualitas pelayanan *antenatal* dengan keteraturan kunjungan *antenatal* di Puskesmas Dinoyo Kota Malang. Desain penelitian menggunakan analitik korelasional dengan rancangan penelitian *cross sectional*. Populasi 52 ibu hamil trimester III, teknik sampling dengan *purposive sampling*, jumlah sampel 34 ibu hamil. Pengumpulan data sikap ibu hamil tentang kualitas pelayanan *antenatal* menggunakan kuesioner dan keteraturan kunjungan *antenatal* dengan dokumentasi buku KIA. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa nilai keteraturan kunjungan dengan sikap negatif 16 ibu hamil dan sikap positif 7 ibu hamil. Uji korelasi *Fisher's Exact Test* didapatkan $p\text{ value} > \alpha$ ($1,00 > 0,05$) demikian penelitian ini menerima H_0 artinya tidak ada hubungan yang signifikan antara sikap ibu hamil tentang kualitas pelayanan *antenatal* dengan keteraturan kunjungan *antenatal*. Diharapkan kualitas pelayanan *antenatal* lebih ditingkatkan dari fasilitas pelayanan, kinerja, keterampilan, dan sikap petugas kesehatan sehingga menghasilkan sikap ibu hamil yang baik.

Kata Kunci : Sikap, Kualitas Pelayanan Antenatal, Kunjungan Antenatal

ABSTRACT

Wardani, Deshinta Putri. 2017. *Relationships Pregnant's Attitude about The Quality of Antenatal Care with Regularity of Antenatal Visit at Puskesmas Dinoyo Malang*. Minithesis. Health Polytechnic of Malang. Midwifery Department. Diploma IV of Midwifery. The Main Advisor: Herawati Mansur, SST., M.Pd., M.Psi. Counselor Jupriyono, S.Kp., M.Kes

Utilization of antenatal services by a pregnant woman can be seen from the coverage of antenatal care. Based on Indonesia Health Profile data of 2015, coverage of K1 was 95,75% and coverage of K4 was 87,48% with target of antenatal care coverage is 95%. Data of Health Service of Malang City 2015, coverage of K4 pregnant woman visit decrease that was 11.846 (87,67%). The purpose of this research is to find out the correlation between mother's attitude about antenatal care quality and the regularity of antenatal visit at Puskesmas Dinoyo Malang. The research design used correlational analysis with cross sectional study design. Population 52 trimester pregnant women III, sampling technique with purposive sampling, the number of samples 34 pregnant women. Maternal attitudinal data collection on antenatal care quality using questionnaire and regularity of antenatal visit with KIA book documentation. The results showed that the value of regularity of visits with negative attitude 16 pregnant women and positive attitude of 7 pregnant women. Fisher's Exact Test correlation test obtained p value $> \alpha$ ($1.00 > 0,05$) thus this research accept H_0 meaning no significant relation between attitude of pregnant mother about antenatal service quality with regular visit of antenatal. It is hoped that the quality of antenatal care will be improved from service facility, performance, skill, and health worker attitude. Therefore, produced good of pregnant attitude.

Keywords: Attitude, Quality of Antenatal Care, Antenatal Visits