ABSTRAK

Putri Wahyu Puspita Ningsih, 2020. "Ketepatan Dan Keakuratan Pemberian Kodefikasi *Injury, Poisoning And Certain Other Consequences Of External Causes* Dan *External Causes Of Morbidity And Mortality* Di Rumah Sakit Islam Aisyiyah Malang".Laporan Tugas Akhir DIII Rekam Medis dan Informasi Kesehatan Politeknik Kesehatan Kemenkes Malang dibawah bimbingan Puguh Priyo W,Amd.RMIK., S.Si., MMRS.

Ketepatan dan keakuratan terhadap 26 dokumen rekam medis rawat inap pada kasus *external cause* bahwa tingkat kesesuaian kode *external cause* pada dokumen rekam medis sebesar 15% dan ketidaksesuaiannya sebesar 85% yang tidak terdapat kode diagnosis penyebab luar sebagai kode tambahan keadaan pasien. Tujuan penelitian ini mengetahui Ketepatan dan Keakuratan Pemberian Kodefikasi *Injury, poisoning and certain other consequences of external causes dan External causes of morbidity and mortality*. Jenis penelitian menggunakan deskriptif kuantitatif. Populasi yang digunakan semua dokumen rekam medis rawat inap kasus *external cause* bulan Juli-September sebanyak 105 dokumen rekam medis. Sampel 83 dokumen rekam medis menggunakan *simple random sampling* dengan pengambilan sampel secara acak dari suatu populasi. Analisis data menggunakan analisis kualitatif dengan observasi dan menggunakan lembar checklist. Hasil dari sampel sebanyak 83 dokumen rekam medis rawat inap terdapat 28 DRM (33,7%) akurat dan 55 DRM (66,3%) tidak akurat berdasarkan kelengkapan elemen analisis kualitatif, sedangkan Ketepatan dan Keakuratan pemberian kodefikasi diagnosis external cause sebesar 17 DRM (20,5%) dan 66 DRM (79,5%) tidak tepat akurat. Berdasarkan hasil penelitian diharapkan rumah sakit mampu memperbaiki tingkat ketepatan dan keakuratan pemberian kodefikasi.

Kata kunci: Ketepatan, Keakuratan, Kode *External Causes*, ICD-10

ABSTRACT

Putri Wahyu Puspita Ningsih, 2020. *" Pertinence and Accuracy in Providing Codefication of Injury, Poisoning and Certain Other Consequences Of External Causes and External Causes Of Morbidity And Mortality At Aisyiyah Islamic Hospital Malang". DIII Final Project Medical Records and Health Information Health Polytechnic Kemenkes Malang under the guidance of* Puguh Priyo W,Amd.RMIK., S.Si., MMRS

Pertinence and accuracy of 26 inpatient medical record documents in external cause cases that the level of conformity of the external cause code in the medical record document is 15% and the nonconformity is 85% which does not have an external cause diagnosis code as an additional code for the patient's condition. The purpose of this study is to determine the Accuracy and Accuracy of Giving Codefication of Injury, poisoning and certain other consequences of external causes and External causes of morbidity and mortality. This type of research uses quantitative descriptive. The population used was all 105 inpatient medical record documents for external cause in July-September. Sample 83 medical record documents using simple random sampling by random sampling from a population. Data analysis using qualitative analysis by observation and using a checklist sheet. The results of a sample of 83 inpatient medical record documents contained 28 DRM (33.7%) accurate and 55 DRM (66.3%) inaccurate based on the completeness of qualitative analysis elements, while the accuracy and accuracy of coding for external cause diagnosis was 17 DRM (20.5%) and 66 DRM (79.5%) are not exactly accurate. Based on the results of the study, it is expected that hospitals will be able to improve the level of accuracy and accuracy of coding.

Keywords: Pertinence, Accuracy, External Causes Code, ICD-10