

## LAMPIRAN

### 1. Perhitungan Pembuatan Larutan

- Larutan susu 10.000 ppm tepung terigu

Diketahui : 1 mg/L = 1 ppm

Ditanya : Massa tepung terigu yang dibutuhkan?

Jawab : konsentrasi =  $\frac{1000mg}{0,1 L}$

$$= 10.000 \text{ ppm}$$

- Larutan susu 1000 ppm tepung terigu

Diketahui : M1 = 10.000 ppm

$$M2 = 1000 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V2 = 50 \text{ ml}$$

Ditanya : V1 = ?

Jawab :  $M1 \cdot V1 = M2 \cdot V2$

$$10.000 \cdot V1 = 1000 \cdot 50$$

$$V1 = 5 \text{ ml}$$

- Larutan susu 100 ppm tepung terigu

Diketahui : M1 = 1000 ppm

$$M2 = 100 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V2 = 50 \text{ ml}$$

Ditanya : V1 = ?

Jawab :  $M1 \cdot V1 = M2 \cdot V2$

$$1000 \cdot V1 = 100 \cdot 50$$

$$V1 = 5 \text{ ml}$$

- Larutan susu 10 ppm tepung terigu

Diketahui : M1 = 100 ppm

$$M2 = 10 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V2 = 50 \text{ ml}$$

Ditanya : V1 = ?

Jawab :  $M1 \cdot V1 = M2 \cdot V2$

$$100 \cdot V1 = 10 \cdot 50$$

$$V1 = 5 \text{ ml}$$

- Larutan susu 20 ppm tepung terigu

Diketahui :  $M1 = 100 \text{ ppm}$

$$M2 = 20 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V2 = 50 \text{ ml}$$

Ditanya :  $V1 = ?$

Jawab :  $M1 \cdot V1 = M2 \cdot V2$

$$100 \cdot V1 = 20 \cdot 50$$

$$V1 = 10 \text{ ml}$$

- Larutan susu 30 ppm tepung terigu

Diketahui :  $M1 = 100 \text{ ppm}$

$$M2 = 30 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V2 = 50 \text{ ml}$$

Ditanya :  $V1 = ?$

Jawab :  $M1 \cdot V1 = M2 \cdot V2$

$$100 \cdot V1 = 30 \cdot 50$$

$$V1 = 15 \text{ ml}$$

- Larutan susu 40 ppm tepung terigu

Diketahui :  $M1 = 100 \text{ ppm}$

$$M2 = 40 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V2 = 50 \text{ ml}$$

Ditanya :  $V1 = ?$

Jawab :  $M1 \cdot V1 = M2 \cdot V2$

$$100 \cdot V1 = 40 \cdot 50$$

$$V1 = 20 \text{ ml}$$

- Larutan susu 50 ppm tepung terigu

Diketahui :  $M1 = 100 \text{ ppm}$

$$M2 = 50 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V2 = 50 \text{ ml}$$

Ditanya :  $V1 = ?$

Jawab :  $M1 \cdot V1 = M2 \cdot V2$

$$100 \cdot V1 = 50 \cdot 50$$

$$V1 = 25 \text{ ml}$$

- Larutan susu 60 ppm tepung terigu

$$\text{Diketahui : } M1 = 100 \text{ ppm}$$

$$M2 = 60 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V2 = 50 \text{ ml}$$

$$\text{Ditanya : } V1 = ?$$

$$\text{Jawab : } M1 \cdot V1 = M2 \cdot V2$$

$$100 \cdot V1 = 60 \cdot 50$$

$$V1 = 30 \text{ ml}$$

- Larutan susu 70 ppm tepung terigu

$$\text{Diketahui : } M1 = 100 \text{ ppm}$$

$$M2 = 70 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V2 = 50 \text{ ml}$$

$$\text{Ditanya : } V1 = ?$$

$$\text{Jawab : } M1 \cdot V1 = M2 \cdot V2$$

$$100 \cdot V1 = 70 \cdot 50$$

$$V1 = 35 \text{ ml}$$

- Larutan susu 80 ppm tepung terigu

$$\text{Diketahui : } M1 = 100 \text{ ppm}$$

$$M2 = 80 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V2 = 50 \text{ ml}$$

$$\text{Ditanya : } V1 = ?$$

$$\text{Jawab : } M1 \cdot V1 = M2 \cdot V2$$

$$100 \cdot V1 = 80 \cdot 50$$

$$V1 = 40 \text{ ml}$$

## 2. Perhitungan Absorbansi Cahaya RGB

- Linearitas (Intensitas warna *Red*)

- a) Konsentrasi 10 ppm

$$\text{Diketahui : } I_0 = 191,718$$

$$I = 189,710$$

$$\text{Ditanya : Absorbansi?}$$

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{191,718}{189,710}$$

$$A = 0,004$$

b) Konsentrasi 20 ppm

$$\text{Diketahui : } I_0 = 191,718$$

$$I = 184,044$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{191,718}{184,044}$$

$$A = 0,017$$

c) Konsentrasi 30 ppm

$$\text{Diketahui : } I_0 = 191,718$$

$$I = 180,576$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{191,718}{180,576}$$

$$A = 0,026$$

d) Konsentrasi 40 ppm

$$\text{Diketahui : } I_0 = 191,718$$

$$I = 179,674$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{191,718}{179,674}$$

$$A = 0,028$$

e) Konsentrasi 50 ppm

Diketahui :  $I_0 = 191,718$

$$I = 179,473$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{191,718}{179,473}$$

$$A = 0,028$$

f) Konsentrasi 60 ppm

Diketahui :  $I_0 = 191,718$

$$I = 178,385$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{191,718}{178,385}$$

$$A = 0,031$$

g) Konsentrasi 70 ppm

Diketahui :  $I_0 = 191,718$

$$I = 177,867$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{191,718}{177,867}$$

$$A = 0,032$$

h) Konsentrasi 80 ppm

Diketahui :  $I_0 = 191,718$

$$I = 177,473$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab: } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{191,718}{177,473}$$

$$A = 0,033$$

- Linearitas (Intensitas warna *Green*)

a) Konsentrasi 10 ppm

$$\text{Diketahui : } I_0 = 192,073$$

$$I = 189,681$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{192,073}{189,681}$$

$$A = 0,005$$

b) Konsentrasi 20 ppm

$$\text{Diketahui : } I_0 = 192,073$$

$$I = 183,049$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{192,073}{183,049}$$

$$A = 0,020$$

c) Konsentrasi 30 ppm

$$\text{Diketahui : } I_0 = 192,073$$

$$I = 179,274$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{192,073}{179,274}$$

$$A = 0,029$$

d) Konsentrasi 40 ppm

$$\text{Diketahui : } I_0 = 192,073$$

$$I = 178,549$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{192,073}{178,549}$$

$$A = 0,031$$

e) Konsentrasi 50 ppm

$$\text{Diketahui : } I_0 = 192,073$$

$$I = 177,980$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{192,073}{177,980}$$

$$A = 0,033$$

f) Konsentrasi 60 ppm

$$\text{Diketahui : } I_0 = 192,073$$

$$I = 175,742$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{192,073}{175,742}$$

$$A = 0,038$$

g) Konsentrasi 70 ppm

$$\text{Diketahui : } I_0 = 192,073$$

$$I = 175,494$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{192,073}{175,494}$$

$$A = 0,039$$

h) Konsentrasi 80 ppm

$$\text{Diketahui : } I_0 = 192,073$$

$$I = 174,173$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{192,073}{174,173}$$

$$A = 0,042$$

- Linearitas (Intensitas warna *Blue*)

- a) Konsentrasi 10 ppm

Diketahui :  $I_0 = 184,312$

$$I = 178,195$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{184,312}{178,195}$$

$$A = 0,014$$

- b) Konsentrasi 20 ppm

Diketahui :  $I_0 = 184,312$

$$I = 176,942$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{184,312}{176,942}$$

$$A = 0,017$$

- c) Konsentrasi 30 ppm

Diketahui :  $I_0 = 184,312$

$$I = 173,728$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{184,312}{173,728}$$

$$A = 0,025$$



d) Konsentrasi 40 ppm

$$\text{Diketahui : } I_0 = 184,312$$

$$I = 171,354$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab: } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{184,312}{171,354}$$

$$A = 0,031$$

e) Konsentrasi 50 ppm

$$\text{Diketahui : } I_0 = 184,312$$

$$I = 168,504$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{184,3128}{168,504}$$

$$A = 0,038$$

f) Konsentrasi 60 ppm

$$\text{Diketahui : } I_0 = 184,312$$

$$I = 166,299$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{184,312}{166,299}$$

$$A = 0,044$$

g) Konsentrasi 70 ppm

$$\text{Diketahui : } I_0 = 184,312$$

$$I = 164,391$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawa : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{184,312}{164,391}$$

$$A = 0,049$$

h) Konsentrasi 80 ppm

$$\text{Diketahui : } I_0 = 184,312$$

$$I = 163,838$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{184,312}{163,838}$$

$$A = 0,051$$

- Presisi (Replikasi 1)

$$\text{Diketahui : } I_0 = 184,312$$

$$I = 173,461$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{184,312}{173,461}$$

$$A = 0,026$$

- Presisi (Replikasi 2)

$$\text{Diketahui : } I_0 = 184,312$$

$$I = 172,968$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{184,312}{172,968}$$

$$A = 0,027$$

- Presisi (Replikasi 3)

$$\text{Diketahui : } I_0 = 184,312$$

$$I = 171,025$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{184,312}{171,025}$$

$$A = 0,032$$

- Akurasi (20 ppm replikasi 1)

Diketahui :  $I_0 = 184,312$

$$I = 178,241$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{184,312}{178,241}$$

$$A = 0,014$$

- Akurasi (20 ppm replikasi 2)

Diketahui :  $I_0 = 184,312$

$$I = 178,086$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{184,312}{178,086}$$

$$A = 0,014$$

- Akurasi (20 ppm replikasi 3)

Diketahui :  $I_0 = 184,312$

$$I = 177,539$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{184,312}{177,539}$$

$$A = 0,016$$

- Akurasi (40 ppm replikasi 1)

Diketahui :  $I_0 = 184,312$

$$I = 171,477$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{184,312}{171,477}$$

$$A = 0,031$$

- Akurasi (40 ppm replikasi 2)

Diketahui :  $I_0 = 184,312$

$$I = 171,584$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{184,312}{171,584}$$

$$A = 0,031$$

- Akurasi (40 ppm replikasi 3)

Diketahui :  $I_0 = 184,312$

$$I = 172,268$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{184,312}{172,268}$$

$$A = 0,029$$

- Akurasi (60 ppm replikasi 1)

Diketahui :  $I_0 = 184,312$

$$I = 163,471$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{184,312}{163,471}$$

$$A = 0,052$$

- Akurasi (60 ppm replikasi 2)

$$\text{Diketahui : } I_0 = 184,312$$

$$I = 162,918$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{184,312}{162,918}$$

$$A = 0,053$$

- Akurasi (60 ppm replikasi 3)

$$\text{Diketahui : } I_0 = 184,312$$

$$I = 164,841$$

Ditanya : Absorbansi?

$$\text{Jawab : } A = \log \frac{I_0}{I}$$

$$A = \log \frac{184,312}{164,841}$$

$$A = 0,048$$

### 3. Perhitungan Standar Deviasi dan RSD

- a) Standar Deviasi (SD)

$$\text{Diketahui : \%Kadar Replikasi 1} = 79,5 \%$$

$$\% \text{ Kadar Replikasi 2} = 85,7 \%$$

$$\% \text{ Kadar Replikasi 3} = 105 \%$$

Ditanya : Standar Deviasi ?

$$\text{Jawab : } SD = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n-2} (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}}$$

$$SD = \sqrt{\frac{(79,5\% - 89,4\%)^2 + (85,7\% - 89,4\%)^2 + (105\% - 89,4\%)^2}{3 - 1}}$$

$$SD = 13,6 \%$$

b) RSD

Diketahui : SD = 13,6 %

% Kadar x = 89,4 %

Ditanya : RSD ?

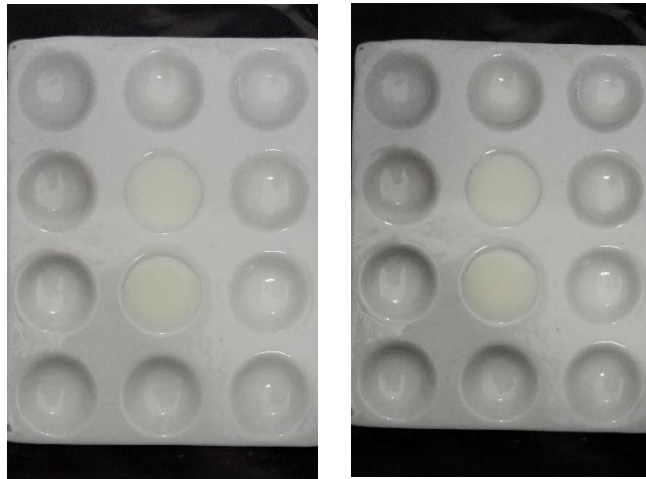
$$\text{Jawab : RSD} = \frac{SD}{x \%Kadar} \times 100\%$$

$$\text{RSD} = \frac{13,6\%}{89,4\%} \times 100\%$$

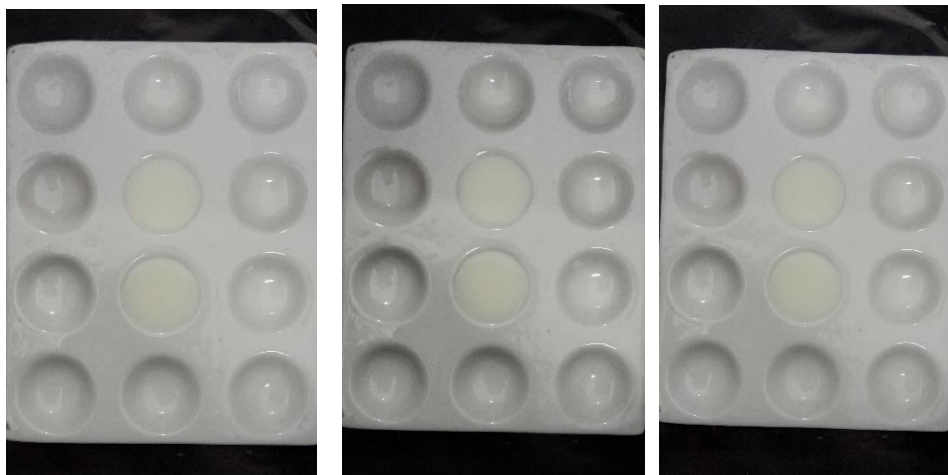
$$\text{RSD} = 0,152\%$$

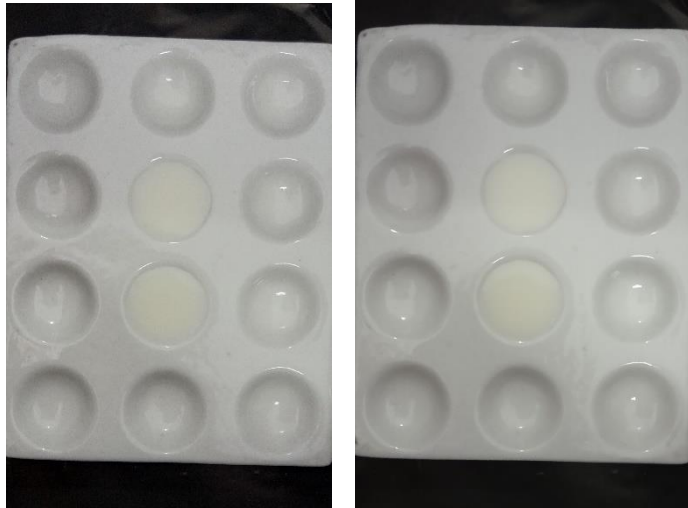
4. Dokumentasi penelitian

a) Optimasi jumlah tetesan



b) Waktu retensi





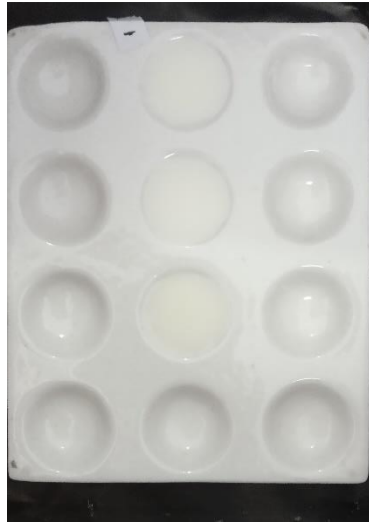
c) Linieritas



d) Selektivitas



e) Presisi



f) Akurasi





g) Perhitungan

